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U.S. Department of Homeland Security
U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services
Office of Administrative Appeals MS 2090
Washington, DC 20529-2090

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U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

H4

FILE:



Office: SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA
(consolidated therein)

Date: **SEP 28 2010**

IN RE:

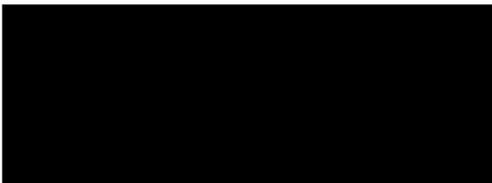
Applicant:



APPLICATION:

Application for Permission to Reapply for Admission into the United States after Deportation or Removal under Section 212(a)(9)(A) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1182(a)(9)(A)

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT:



INSTRUCTIONS:

Enclosed please find the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All of the documents related to this matter have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Please be advised that any further inquiry that you might have concerning your case must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied by us in reaching our decision, or you have additional information that you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reconsider or a motion to reopen. The specific requirements for filing such a request can be found at 8 C.F.R. § 103.5. All motions must be submitted to the office that originally decided your case by filing a Form I-290B, Notice of Appeal or Motion, with a fee of \$585. Please be aware that 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(1)(i) requires that any motion must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider or reopen.

Thank you,

Tania Syed
for

Perry Rhew

Chief, Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The application for permission to reapply for admission after removal was denied by the Field Office Director, Santa Ana, California, and is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The applicant is a native and citizen of Mexico who initially entered the United States in 1994 without inspection. In October 1997, the applicant voluntarily departed the United States. On July 13, 1998, the applicant attempted to enter the United States by presenting his Mexican passport with a fraudulent temporary I-551 stamp. On the same day, the applicant was expeditiously removed from the United States. In August 1998, the applicant reentered the United States without inspection. On March 30, 2007, the applicant filed an Application for Permission to Reapply for Admission into the United States after Deportation or Removal (Form I-212). On December 17, 2007, the Field Office Director denied the applicant's Form I-212. The applicant is inadmissible to the United States under section 212(a)(9)(A)(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1182(a)(9)(A)(i). He now seeks permission to reapply for admission into the United States under section 212(a)(9)(A)(iii) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1182(a)(9)(A)(iii), in order to reside in the United States with his wife, father, and children.

The AAO notes that the applicant is also inadmissible to the United States pursuant to section 212(a)(9)(C)(i)(II) of the Act for having been ordered removed under section 235(b)(1) of the Act and reentering the United States without being admitted. An application or petition that fails to comply with the technical requirements of the law may be denied by the AAO even if the Service Center does not identify all of the grounds for denial in the initial decision. *See Spencer Enterprises, Inc. v. United States*, 229 F. Supp. 2d 1025, 1043 (E.D. Cal. 2001), *aff'd*, 345 F.3d 683 (9th Cir. 2003); *see also Soltane v. DOJ*, 381 F.3d 143, 145 (3d Cir. 2004) (noting that the AAO conducts appellate review on a *de novo* basis).

Section 212(a)(9)(C)(i) of the Act states, in pertinent part:

(C) Aliens unlawfully present after previous immigration violations.-

(i) In general.-Any alien who-

(I) has been unlawfully present in the United States for an aggregate period of more than 1 year, or

(II) has been ordered removed under section 235(b)(1), section 240, or any other provision of law,

and who enters or attempts to reenter the United States without being admitted is inadmissible.

(ii) Exception.—Clause (i) shall not apply to an alien seeking admission more than 10 years after the date of the alien's last departure from the United States if

. . . the Attorney General [now the Secretary of Homeland Security] has consented to the alien's reapplying for admission....

To seek an exception from a finding of inadmissibility under section 212(a)(9)(C)(i)(II) of the Act, an applicant must file for permission to reapply for admission (Form I-212). However, only those individuals who have remained outside the United States for at least ten years since their last departure are eligible for consideration. *See Matter of Torres-Garcia*, 23 I&N Dec. 866 (BIA 2006). The record does not reflect that the applicant has resided outside of the United States for the required ten years. Accordingly, the AAO finds no purpose would be served in considering the merits of his Form I-212 permission to reapply for admission. The appeal will be dismissed.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed.