

identifying data deleted to  
prevent clearly unwarranted  
invasion of personal privacy  
**PUBLIC COPY**

U.S. Department of Homeland Security  
U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services  
Administrative Appeals Office (AAO)  
20 Massachusetts Ave., N.W., MS 2090  
Washington, DC 20529-2090



**U.S. Citizenship  
and Immigration  
Services**



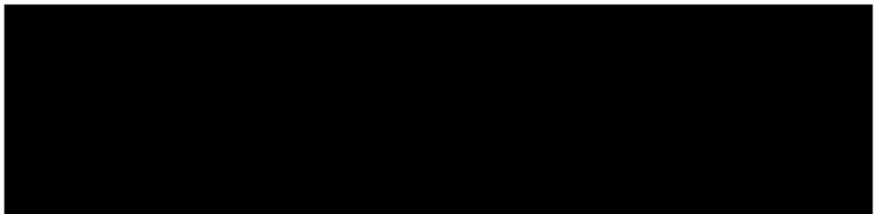
H4

FILE: [Redacted] Office: VIENNA, AUSTRIA Date: **JUL 06 2012**

IN RE: [Redacted]

APPLICATION: Application for Permission to Reapply for Admission into the United States after  
Deportation or Removal under section 212(a)(9)(A)(iii) of the Immigration and  
Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1182(a)(9)(A)(iii)

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT:



**INSTRUCTIONS:**

Enclosed please find the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All of the documents related to this matter have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Please be advised that any further inquiry that you might have concerning your case must be made to that office.

If you believe the AAO inappropriately applied the law in reaching its decision, or you have additional information that you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reconsider or a motion to reopen in accordance with the instructions on Form I-290B, Notice of Appeal or Motion, with a fee of \$630. The specific requirements for filing such a motion can be found at 8 C.F.R. § 103.5. **Do not file any motion directly with the AAO.** Please be aware that 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(1)(i) requires any motion to be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider or reopen.

Thank you,

for Perry Rhew  
Chief, Administrative Appeals Office

**DISCUSSION:** The Application for Permission to Reapply for Admission into the United States after Deportation or Removal (Form I-212) was denied by the Field Office Director and is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed. The applicant is a native and citizen of Poland who on November 22, 2004 was apprehended by border patrol agents after entering the United States without inspection at the border with Mexico. On August 1, 2005, the applicant was ordered removed by an immigration judge in absentia after he failed to appear at his removal hearing. In June 2006 the applicant was arrested during a routine traffic stop due to his outstanding order of removal. On July 31, 2006 the applicant was removed from the United States to Poland.

In a decision, dated October 14, 2009, the field office director determined that the applicant was inadmissible to the United States pursuant to section 212(a)(9)(B) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1182(a)(9)(B), for having been unlawfully present in the United States for a period of one year or more. The field office director also found that the applicant was inadmissible under section 212(a)(9)(A) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1182(a)(9)(A). In finding that the applicant did not meet the statutory requirements for a waiver of his inadmissibility under section 212(a)(9)(B) of the Act, the field office director found that no purpose would be served in making a favorable decision in the applicant's application for permission to reapply for admission. The Form I-212 was denied accordingly.

Section 212(a)(9) of the Act states in pertinent part:

(A) Certain aliens previously removed.-

...

(ii) Other aliens.-Any alien not described in clause (i) who-

(I) has been ordered removed under section 240 or any other provision of law, or

(II) departed the United States while an order of removal was outstanding, and who seeks admission within 10 years of the date of such alien's departure or removal (or within 20 years of such date in the case of a second or subsequent removal or at any time in the case of an alien convicted of an aggravated felony) is inadmissible.

(iii) Exception.- Clauses (i) and (ii) shall not apply to an alien seeking admission within a period if, prior to the date of the

alien's reembarkation at a place outside the United States or attempt to be admitted from foreign contiguous territory, the Secretary has consented to the alien's reapplying for admission.

The AAO notes that an application for admission or adjustment of status is considered a "continuing" application and "admissibility is determined on the basis of the facts and the law at the time the application is finally considered." *Matter of Alarcon*, 20 I.&N. Dec. 557, 562 (BIA 1992) (citations omitted). The applicant's removal from the United States occurred on July 31, 2006, less than ten years ago. Thus, the applicant requires permission to reapply for admission under section 212(a)(9)(A)(iii) of the Act.

*Matter of Martinez-Torres*, 10 I&N Dec. 776 (Reg. Comm. 1964) held that an application for permission to reapply for admission is denied, in the exercise of discretion, to an alien who is mandatorily inadmissible to the United States under another section of the Act, and no purpose would be served in granting the application. As the applicant is inadmissible under section 212(a)(9)(B) of the Act and his waiver application has not been denied on appeal, no purpose would be served in granting the applicant's Form I-212.

Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1361, provides that the burden of proof is upon the applicant to establish that the applicant is eligible for the benefit sought. The applicant has not met that burden. Accordingly, the appeal will be dismissed.

**ORDER:** The appeal is dismissed.