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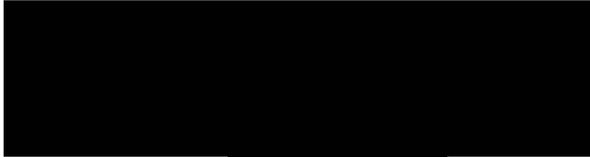
U.S. Department of Homeland Security
20 Massachusetts Ave., N.W., Rm. 3000
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U.S. Citizenship
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FILE: [REDACTED]
MSC 02 001 62846

Office: MOUNT LAUREL (NEWARK)

Date: JUN 09 2008

IN RE: Applicant: [REDACTED]

PETITION: Application for Status as a Permanent Resident pursuant to Section 1104 of the Legal Immigration Family Equity (LIFE) Act of 2000, Pub. L. 106-553, 114 Stat. 2762 (2000), amended by Life Act Amendments, Pub. L. 106-554, 114 Stat. 2763 (2000).

ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER:



INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. The file has been returned to the National Benefits Center. If your appeal was sustained, or if the matter was remanded for further action, you will be contacted. If your appeal was dismissed, you no longer have a case pending before this office, and you are not entitled to file a motion to reopen or reconsider your case.

Robert P. Wiemann, Chief
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The application for permanent resident status under the Legal Immigration Family Equity (LIFE) Act was denied by the District Director, Newark, New Jersey, and is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be summarily dismissed.

An applicant for permanent resident status under section 1104 of the LIFE Act has the burden to establish by a preponderance of the evidence that he or she has resided in the United States for the requisite periods, is admissible to the United States and is otherwise eligible for adjustment of status under this section. The inference to be drawn from the documentation provided shall depend on the extent of the documentation, its credibility and amenability to verification. 8 C.F.R. § 245a.12(e).

The applicant submitted insufficient evidence to credibly document his continuous residence in an unlawful status and his continuous presence in the United States during the relevant period. Specifically, the district director found that a number of the affidavits submitted in support of the application provided uncorroborated information, and failed to sufficiently demonstrate that the applicant was present in the United States prior to January 1, 1982 and continuously resided therein in an unlawful status through May 4, 1988.

On appeal, the applicant submits Form I-290B on which he states:

1. I AM A PART OF THE CSS CLASS MEMBERSHIP DECISION. THAT IS UNDISPUTED. EVEN THE SERVICE AGREES (SEE ATTACHED).
2. I ENTERED THE UNITED STATES IN AUGUST 1981 AND HAVE BEEN RESIDING HERE EVER SINCE, OTHER THAN THE TRIPS ABROAD ON ADVANCE PAROLE.
3. SINCE I WAS ILLEGAL IT WAS VERY DIFFICULT FOR ME TO GET ANY DOCUMENTS IN THIS COUNTRY.
4. I SUBMITTED ANY DOCUMENTS AND AFFIDAVITS FROM PEOPLE WHO KNEW ME. I CANNOT MANUFACTURE DOCUMENTS.
5. THE CSS DECISION STATED THAT IF I GAVE CREDIBLE TESTIMONY, NO CORROBORATIVE DOCUMENTS ARE REQUIRED.

As stated in 8 C.F.R. § 103.3(a)(3)(iv), any appeal which is filed that fails to state the reason for appeal, or is patently frivolous, will be summarily dismissed. The applicant's general statements on the Form I-290B, without specifically identifying any errors on the part of the director, are simply insufficient to overcome the well-founded and logical conclusions the director reached based on the evidence submitted by the applicant. It is noted that no new evidence or documentation is submitted on appeal.

The applicant has failed to address the reasons stated for denial and has not provided any additional evidence on appeal. The appeal must therefore be summarily dismissed.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed. This decision constitutes a final notice of ineligibility.