

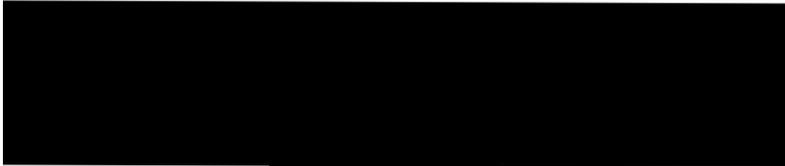
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U.S. Department of Homeland Security  
U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services  
Office of Administrative Appeals MS 2090  
Washington, DC 20529-2090



U.S. Citizenship  
and Immigration  
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FILE: MSC-03-043-60993

Office: NEW YORK Date:

JUN 25 2009

IN RE: Applicant:



APPLICATION: Application for Status as a Permanent Resident pursuant to Section 1104 of the Legal Immigration Family Equity (LIFE) Act of 2000, Pub. L. 106-553, 114 Stat. 2762 (2000), amended by LIFE Act Amendments, Pub. L. 106-554, 114 Stat. 2763 (2000).

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT:



INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. If your appeal was dismissed or rejected, all documents have been returned to the National Benefits Center. You no longer have a case pending before this office, and you are not entitled to file a motion to reopen or reconsider your case. If your appeal was sustained or remanded for further action, you will be contacted.

John F. Grissom  
Acting Chief, Administrative Appeals Office

**DISCUSSION:** On November 12, 2002, the applicant filed an application for permanent resident status under the Legal Immigration Family Equity (LIFE) Act. On July 19, 2007, the Director, New York, New York, denied the application finding that the evidence submitted with the application was insufficient to establish eligibility for Permanent Resident Status pursuant to Section 1104 of the Legal Immigration Family Equity (LIFE) Act of 2000, Pub. L. 106-553, 114 Stat. 2762 (2000), *amended by* Life Act Amendments, Pub. L. 106-554, 114 Stat. 2763 (2000). The appeal is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO).

The director denied the application because he found the evidence submitted with the application was insufficient to establish eligibility for Permanent Resident Status pursuant to Section 1104 of the Legal Immigration Family Equity (LIFE) Act of 2000, Pub. L. 106-553, 114 Stat. 2762 (2000), *amended by* Life Act Amendments, Pub. L. 106-554, 114 Stat. 2763 (2000). Specifically, the director noted that the applicant submitted an asylum application on Form I-589 on March 10, 1988. In this application, the applicant repeatedly stated that he first entered the United States in 1985, and that he was never in the United States prior to 1985. Noting these inconsistencies and the paucity of credible evidence in the record which would establish the applicant's eligibility for the benefit sought, the director denied the application on July 19, 2007.

On appeal, the applicant, through counsel, fails to address the inconsistencies noted by the director. He merely states that he believes that he is eligible for the benefit sought and that the applicant has furnished sufficient evidence to establish his continuous residence for the duration of the relevant period. He fails to submit any additional evidence or explanation which would establish his entry to the United States in an unlawful status prior to January 1, 1982 or his continuous residence in the United States for the duration of the requisite period.

As stated in 8 C.F.R. § 103.3(a)(3)(iv), any appeal which is filed that fails to state the reason for appeal, or is patently frivolous, will be summarily dismissed.

A review of the decision reveals the director accurately set forth a legitimate basis for denial of the application. On appeal, the applicant has not presented additional evidence. Nor has he addressed the grounds stated for denial. The appeal must therefore be summarily dismissed.

**ORDER:** The appeal is dismissed. This decision constitutes a final notice of ineligibility.