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FILE: [REDACTED]
[WAC 02 134 54503]

OFFICE: CALIFORNIA SERVICE CENTER DATE: JUN 23 2005

IN RE: Applicant: [REDACTED]

APPLICATION: Application for Temporary Protected Status under Section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1254

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT: SELF-REPRESENTED

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

Robert P. Wiemann, Director
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The application was denied by the Director, California Service Center. The application is now before the Administrative Appeals Office on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The applicant claims to be a native and citizen of El Salvador who is seeking Temporary Protected Status (TPS) under section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1254.

The director denied the application because he found the applicant had been convicted of two or more misdemeanors.

On appeal, the applicant submits a statement.

Section 244(c) of the Act, and the related regulations in 8 C.F.R. § 244.2, provide that an applicant who is a national of a foreign state is eligible for TPS only if such alien establishes that he or she:

- (a) Is a national of a state designated under section 244(b) of the Act;
- (b) Has been continuously physically present in the United States since the effective date of the most recent designation of that foreign state;
- (c) Has continuously resided in the United States since such date as the Attorney General may designate;
- (d) Is admissible as an immigrant except as provided under section 244.3;
- (e) Is not ineligible under 8 C.F.R. § 244.4; and
- (f)
 - (1) Registers for Temporary Protected Status during the initial registration period announced by public notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER, or
 - (2) During any subsequent extension of such designation if at the time of the initial registration period:
 - (i) The applicant is a nonimmigrant or has been granted voluntary departure status or any relief from removal;
 - (ii) The applicant has an application for change of status, adjustment of status, asylum, voluntary departure, or any relief from removal which is pending or subject to further review or appeal;
 - (iii) The applicant is a parolee or has a pending request for reparole; or

- (iv) The applicant is a spouse or child of an alien currently eligible to be a TPS registrant.

An alien shall not be eligible for temporary protected status under this section if the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security finds that the alien has been convicted of any felony or two or more misdemeanors committed in the United States. See Section 244(c)(2)(B)(i) of the Act and 8 C.F.R. § 244.4(a).

8 C.F.R. § 244.1 defines "felony" and "misdemeanor:"

Felony means a crime committed in the United States, punishable by imprisonment for a term of more than one year, regardless of the term such alien actually served, if any, except: When the offense is defined by the State as a misdemeanor and the sentence actually imposed is one year or less regardless of the term such alien actually served. Under this exception for purposes of section 244 of the Act, the crime shall be treated as a misdemeanor.

Misdemeanor means a crime committed in the United States, either

- (1) Punishable by imprisonment for a term of one year or less, regardless of the term such alien actually served, if any, or
- (2) A crime treated as a misdemeanor under the term "felony" of this section.

For purposes of this definition, any crime punishable by imprisonment for a maximum term of five days or less shall not be considered a misdemeanor.

The record reveals the following offenses:

- (1) On April 6, 1997, the applicant was arrested in Los Angeles, California, and charged with one count of driving under the influence of alcohol in violation of section 23152(a) VC, a misdemeanor, and one count of driving without a valid driver's license in violation of section 12500(a) VC, a misdemeanor. On April 7, 1997, the applicant was convicted in the Municipal Court of San Fernando Courthouse Judicial District, County of Los Angeles, State of California, of Count 1, driving under the influence of alcohol. Count 2 was dismissed in the furtherance of justice. (Docket Number [REDACTED])
- (2) On April 7, 2002, the applicant was arrested in Los Angeles, California, and charged with one count of hit and run with property damage in violation of section 20002(a) VC, a misdemeanor; one count of driving with a suspended driver's license in violation of section 14601.1(a) VC, a misdemeanor; one count of driving without a valid driver's license in violation of section 12500(a) VC, a misdemeanor; and, one count of failure to provide proof of insurance in violation of section 16028(a) VC, an infraction. On July 15, 2002, the applicant was convicted in the Municipal Court of Los Angeles, Van Nuys Judicial District, County of Los Angeles, State of California, of Count 1, hit and run with property

damage. Counts 2, 3, and 4 were dismissed in the furtherance of justice.

- (3) On December 22, 2002, the applicant was arrested in Los Angeles, California, and charged with one count of hit and run with property damage in violation of section 20002(a) VC, a misdemeanor; one count of driving with a suspended driver's license in violation of section [REDACTED] a misdemeanor; one count of driving with a suspended driver's license in violation of section 14601.1(a) VC, a misdemeanor; and, one count of failure to provide proof of insurance in violation of section [REDACTED] VC, an infraction. On April 18, 2003, the applicant was convicted of Count 1, hit and run with property damage, and Count 3, driving with a suspended driver's license. Counts 2 and 4 were dismissed due to plea negotiation. [REDACTED] Number [REDACTED]

On appeal, the applicant states that he has "made mistakes" in the past, but he asks that he be granted TPS.

The applicant is ineligible for TPS due to his record of four misdemeanor convictions, detailed in Nos. 1, 2, and 3 above. 8 C.F.R. § 244.4(a). Consequently, the director's decision to deny the application for this reason will be affirmed.

It is noted that the applicant filed a Form I-589, Request for Asylum in the United States, on January 3, 1995. His application was denied on April 6, 1995, and he was referred for a deportation hearing before an Immigration Judge. On September 12, 1995, the Immigration Judge ordered the applicant deported in absentia. On March 19, 1996, the Board of Immigration Appeals (BIA) remanded the applicant's appeal from the Immigration Judge's order. On October 31, 1995, the District Director, Los Angeles, cancelled the Warrant of Deportation, because the applicant had a pending appeal from the Immigration Judge's order of deportation before the BIA.

An alien applying for temporary protected status has the burden of proving that he or she meets the requirements enumerated above and is otherwise eligible under the provisions of section 244 of the Act. The applicant has failed to meet this burden.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed.