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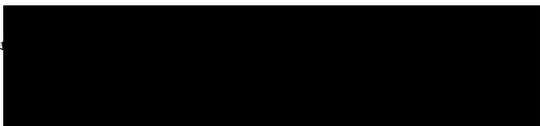
U.S. Department of Homeland Security
20 Massachusetts Ave., N.W., Rm. A3042
Washington, DC 20529



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

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FILE: [REDACTED] OFFICE: CALIFORNIA SERVICE CENTER DATE: MAY 06 2005
[WAC 01 263 60547]

IN RE: Applicant: [REDACTED]

APPLICATION: Application for Temporary Protected Status under Section 244 of the Immigration
and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1254

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT: Self-represented

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to
the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

Robert P. Wiemann, Director
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The application was denied by the Director, California Service Center, and is now before the Administrative Appeals Office on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The applicant claims to be a native and citizen of El Salvador who is seeking Temporary Protected Status (TPS) under section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1254.

The director denied the application because the applicant had been convicted of two or more misdemeanors committed in the United States.

On appeal, the applicant submits a statement.

Section 244(c) of the Act, and the related regulations in 8 C.F.R. § 244.2, provide that an applicant who is a national of a foreign state is eligible for TPS only if such alien establishes that he or she:

- (a) Is a national of a state designated under section 244(b) of the Act;
- (b) Has been continuously physically present in the United States since the effective date of the most recent designation of that foreign state;
- (c) Has continuously resided in the United States since such date as the Attorney General may designate;
- (d) Is admissible as an immigrant except as provided under section 244.3;
- (e) Is not ineligible under 8 C.F.R. § 244.4; and
- (f)
 - (1) Registers for Temporary Protected Status during the initial registration period announced by public notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER, or
 - (2) During any subsequent extension of such designation if at the time of the initial registration period:
 - (i) The applicant is a nonimmigrant or has been granted voluntary departure status or any relief from removal;
 - (ii) The applicant has an application for change of status, adjustment of status, asylum, voluntary departure, or any relief from removal which is pending or subject to further review or appeal;
 - (iii) The applicant is a parolee or has a pending request for reparole; or
 - (iv) The applicant is a spouse or child of an alien currently eligible to be a TPS registrant.

An alien shall not be eligible for temporary protected status under this section if the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security finds that the alien has been convicted of any felony or two or more

misdemeanors committed in the United States. See Section 244(c)(2)(B)(i) of the Act and 8 C.F.R. § 244.4(a).

8 C.F.R. § 244.1 defines “felony” and “misdemeanor:”

Felony means a crime committed in the United States, punishable by imprisonment for a term of more than one year, regardless of the term such alien actually served, if any, except: When the offense is defined by the State as a misdemeanor and the sentence actually imposed is one year or less regardless of the term such alien actually served. Under this exception for purposes of section 244 of the Act, the crime shall be treated as a misdemeanor.

Misdemeanor means a crime committed in the United States, either

- (1) Punishable by imprisonment for a term of one year or less, regardless of the term such alien actually served, if any, or
- (2) A crime treated as a misdemeanor under the term "felony" of this section.

For purposes of this definition, any crime punishable by imprisonment for a maximum term of five days or less shall not be considered a misdemeanor.

The record shows that on October 12, 2001, in the Municipal Court of Downey Judicial District, County of Los Angeles, California, Case No. [REDACTED] (arrest date September 4, 2001), the applicant (name used: [REDACTED]) was indicted for Count 1, driving under the influence of alcohol/drug, 23152(a) VC, a misdemeanor; Count 2, driving with .08 percent blood alcohol level or more, a misdemeanor; Count 3, unlicensed driver, 12500(a) VC, a misdemeanor; and Count 4, no insurance at accident scene, 16028(c) VC, an infraction. On October 25, 2001, the applicant was convicted of Counts 2, 3, and 4. He was placed on probation for a period of 36 months, ordered to pay a fine of \$1,519 or perform 415 hours of community service, enroll and successfully complete a 3-month first-offender alcohol and drug education and counseling program, and his driving was restricted for 90 days as to Count 2. He was placed on probation for a period of 36 months, ordered to pay a fine of \$541, and perform 40 hours of “Cal Trans” as to Count 3. He was placed on probation for a period of 36 months, and ordered to pay a fine of \$676 as to Count 3. Count 1 was dismissed.

On appeal, the applicant asserts that he was convicted of only one misdemeanor because the offenses of unlicensed driver and failure to provide liability insurance (Counts 3 and 4 above) are traffic infractions. While the applicant is correct in his assertion that Count 4 is an infraction, the court record clearly shows that the applicant was charged with the misdemeanor offenses and subsequently convicted of the misdemeanor offenses of driving with driving with .08 percent blood alcohol level or more and unlicensed driver (detailed in Counts 2 and 3 above). Consequently, Counts 2 and 3 are misdemeanors as determined by the court.

The applicant is ineligible for TPS due to his two misdemeanor convictions, detailed above. Section 244(c)(2)(B)(i) of the Act and 8 C.F.R. § 244.4(a). Consequently, the director's decision to deny the application for this reason will be affirmed.

An alien applying for temporary protected status has the burden of proving that he or she meets the requirements enumerated above and is otherwise eligible under the provisions of section 244 of the Act. The applicant has failed to meet this burden.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed.