

identifying data deleted to  
prevent clearly unwarranted  
invasion of personal privacy

**PUBLIC COPY**

U.S. Department of Homeland Security  
U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services  
Office of Administrative Appeals MS 2090  
Washington, DC 20529-2090



U.S. Citizenship  
and Immigration  
Services

M<sub>1</sub>

FILE:

OFFICE: VERMONT SERVICE CENTER

DATE JUN 02 2010

IN RE:

Applicant:

APPLICATION: Application for Temporary Protected Status under Section 244 of the  
Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1254

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT:

INSTRUCTIONS:

Enclosed please find the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All of the documents related to this matter have been returned to the Vermont Service Center. Please be advised that any further inquiry that you might have concerning your case must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied by us in reaching our decision, or you have additional information that you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reconsider or a motion to reopen. The specific requirements for filing such a request can be found at 8 C.F.R. § 103.5. All motions must be submitted to the Vermont Service Center by filing a Form I-290B, Notice of Appeal or Motion, with a fee of \$585. Please be aware that 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(1)(i) requires that any motion must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider or reopen.

Thank you,

Perry Rhew  
Chief, Administrative Appeals Office

**DISCUSSION:** The applicant's Temporary Protected Status was withdrawn by the Director, Vermont Service Center. The matter is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The applicant is a native and citizen of El Salvador who is seeking Temporary Protected Status (TPS) under section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1254.

The director withdrew TPS because the applicant had failed to submit requested court documentation relating to her criminal record.

On appeal, counsel asserts that the applicant has never pled guilty to any charge and that she has filed an appeal that is still pending before the Supreme Court of Virginia. Counsel indicates that a brief and additional evidence would be submitted to the AAO within 30 days. However, more than seven months later, no additional evidence has been presented by counsel or the applicant.

The director may withdraw the status of an alien granted TPS under section 244 of the Act at any time if it is determined that the alien was not in fact eligible at the time such status was granted, or at any time thereafter becomes ineligible for such status. 8 C.F.R. § 244.14(a)(1).

An alien shall not be eligible for temporary protected status under this section if the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security finds that the alien has been convicted of any felony or two or more misdemeanors committed in the United States. See Section 244(c)(2)(B)(i) of the Act and 8 C.F.R. § 244.4(a).

"Felony" means a crime committed in the United States punishable by imprisonment for a term of more than one year, regardless of the term actually served, if any. There is an exception when the offense is defined by the state as a misdemeanor and the sentence actually imposed is one year or less, regardless of the term actually served. Under this exception, for purposes of 8 C.F.R. § 244 of the Act, the crime shall be treated as a misdemeanor. 8 C.F.R. § 244.1.

"Misdemeanor" means a crime committed in the United States, either (1) punishable by imprisonment for a term of one year or less, regardless of the term such alien actually served, if any, or (2) a crime treated as a misdemeanor under the term "felony" of this section. For purposes of this definition, any crime punishable by imprisonment for a maximum term of five days or less shall not be considered a misdemeanor. 8 C.F.R. § 244.1.

The FBI fingerprints results report dated February 9, 2009, reflects that on: 1) June 23, 2007, the applicant was arrested by the Alexandria Police Department of Virginia and charged with four counts of embezzlement - more than \$200.00; and 2) January 16, 2008, the applicant was arrested by the Sheriff's Office in Alexandria, Virginia and charged with seven counts of embezzlement - more than \$200.00.

On March 18, 2009, the director issued a Notice of Intent to Withdraw TPS, which requested the applicant to submit certified court documents for each arrest. Counsel, in response, asserted

that the applicant has not been convicted of any offense. Counsel asserted that there was no final disposition as the case was on direct appeal before the Supreme Court of Virginia. Counsel submitted a photocopy of a Notice of Appeal that was neither signed nor certified as being filed.

The director, in his decision to withdraw the applicant's TPS, noted that no official documentation had been provided from the Supreme Court to corroborate counsel's assertion. Accordingly, on August 27, 2009, the director withdrew the applicant's TPS.

Counsel's assertion that the applicant has filed an appeal that is pending before the Supreme Court of Virginia is not supported by any credible evidence. The assertion of counsel does not constitute evidence. *Matter of Laureano*, 19 I&N Dec. 1, 3 (BIA 1983); *Matter of Obaigbena*, 19 I&N Dec. 533, 534 (BIA 1988); *Matter of Ramirez-Sanchez*, 17 I&N Dec. 503, 506 (BIA 1980).

The applicant has failed to provide any evidence revealing the final court disposition of her arrests detailed above. The applicant is ineligible for TPS because of her failure to provide information necessary for the adjudication of her application. 8 C.F.R. § 244.9(a). Consequently, the director's decision to withdraw TPS will be affirmed.

An alien applying for TPS has the burden of proving that he or she meets the requirements enumerated above and is otherwise eligible under the provisions of section 244 of the Act. The applicant has failed to meet this burden.

**ORDER:** The appeal is dismissed.