U.S. Department of Homeland Security
U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Service
Administrative Appeals Office (AAO)
20 Massachusetts Ave., N.W., MS 2090
Washington, DC 20529-2090

(b)(6)

U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services

DATE: SEP 0 4 2013 Office: VERMONT SERVICE CENTER FILE:

IN RE: Applicant:

APPLICATION: Application for Temporary Protected Status under Section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1254

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT: Self-represented

INSTRUCTIONS:

Enclosed please find the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) in your case.

This is a non-precedent decision. The AAO does not announce new constructions of law nor establish agency policy through non-precedent decisions. If you believe the AAO incorrectly applied current law or policy to your case or if you seek to present new facts for consideration, you may file a motion to reconsider or a motion to reopen, respectively. Any motion must be filed on a Notice of Appeal or Motion (Form I-290B) within 33 days of the date of this decision. **Please review the Form I-290B instructions at http://www.uscis.gov/forms for the latest information on fee, filing location, and other requirements.** *See also* 8 C.F.R. § 103.5. **Do not file a motion directly with the AAO**.

Thank you,

for Ron Rosenberg
Chief, Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The applicant's Temporary Protected Status was withdrawn by the Director, Vermont Service Center. The matter is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The applicant is a native and citizen of Honduras who was granted Temporary Protected Status (TPS) under section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1254.

The director withdrew the applicant's TPS because he had failed to submit requested court documentation relating to his criminal record.

On appeal, the applicant asserts that he did not receive the notice requesting the court disposition for his arrest on October 11, 2007. The applicant submits the requested disposition.

The director may withdraw the status of an alien granted TPS under section 244 of the Act at any time if it is determined that the alien was not in fact eligible at the time such status was granted, or at any time thereafter becomes ineligible for such status. Section 244(c)(3)(A) of the Act and 8 C.F.R. § 244.14(a)(1).

An alien shall not be eligible for TPS if the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security finds that the alien has been convicted of any felony or two or more misdemeanors committed in the United States. Section 244(c)(2)(B)(i) of the Act and 8 C.F.R. § 244.4(a).

"Misdemeanor" means a crime committed in the United States, either (1) punishable by imprisonment for a term of one year or less, regardless of the term such alien actually served, if any, or (2) a crime treated as a misdemeanor under the term "felony" of this section. For purposes of this definition, any crime punishable by imprisonment for a maximum term of five days or less shall not be considered a misdemeanor. 8 C.F.R. § 244.1.

The term 'conviction' means, with respect to an alien, a formal judgment of guilt of the alien entered by a court or, adjudication of guilt has been withheld, where - (i) a judge or jury has found the alien guilty or the alien has entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere or has admitted sufficient facts to warrant a finding of guilt, and (ii) the judge has ordered some form of punishment, penalty, or restraint on the alien's liberty to be imposed. Section 101(a)(48)(A) of the Act.

Section 101(a)(48)(B) of the Act provides, "any reference to a term of imprisonment or a sentence with respect to an offense is deemed to include the period of incarceration or confinement ordered by a court of law regardless of any suspension of the imposition or execution of that imprisonment or sentence in whole or in part."

On appeal, the applicant submits court documentation in Case no. from the Superior Court of , California, which indicates that on September 15, 1998, the applicant was charged with driving under the influence of alcohol, a violation of section 23152(a) VC, and driving while license is suspended or revoked for refusing chemical test, a

violation of section 14601.5(a) VC, both misdemeanors. On September 24, 1998, the applicant pled guilty to both offenses. For violating section 23152(a) VC, the applicant was placed on probation, sentenced to serve 210 days in jail and his driver's license was suspended for three years. For violating section 14601.5(a), imposition of sentence was suspended and the applicant was placed on probation for three years. On November 12, 1998, a bench warrant was issued and probation was revoked. The bench warrant was "inactivated by ageing" on January 2, 2002 and recalled on March 29, 2006. On October 11, 2007, probation was reinstated and modified. The applicant was remanded to the custody of the sheriff to serve 210 days (credited with two days served) for violating section 23152(a) VC.

Based on the court documentation submitted on appeal, the applicant is ineligible for TPS due to his two misdemeanor convictions. Section 244(c)(2)(B)(i) of the Act and 8 C.F.R. § 244.4(a). There is no waiver available, even for humanitarian reasons, of the requirements stated above. The applicant's TPS will remain withdrawn due to his misdemeanor convictions.

While not the basis for the dismissal of this appeal, it is noted that based on the 1998 violation of section 14601.5(a) VC, the applicant may have an earlier conviction relating to driving under the influence of alcohol. This matter should be addressed in any future proceedings.

An alien applying for TPS has the burden of proving that he or she meets the requirements enumerated above and is otherwise eligible under the provisions of section 244 of the Act. The applicant has failed to meet this burden.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed.